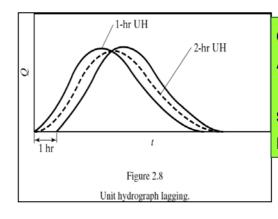
Hydrologic Analysis Part B

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Change UH Duration



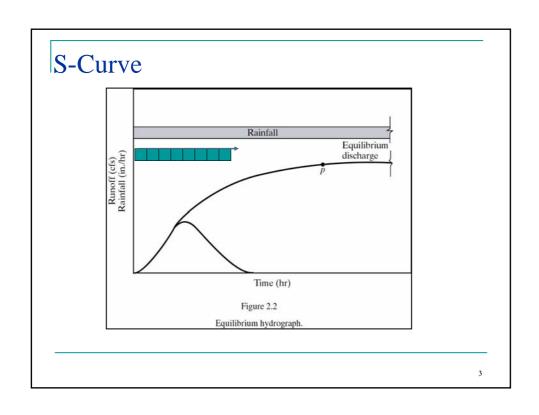
Consider 1 hr UH

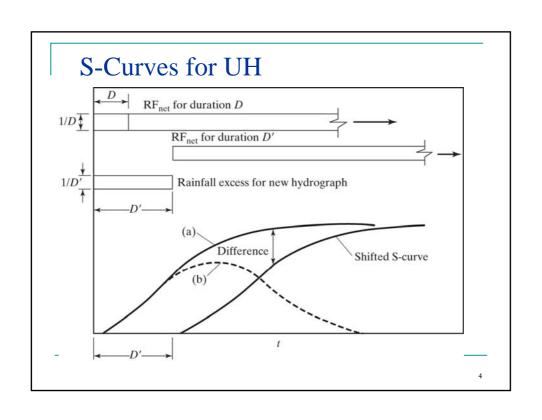
Add and Lag two UH

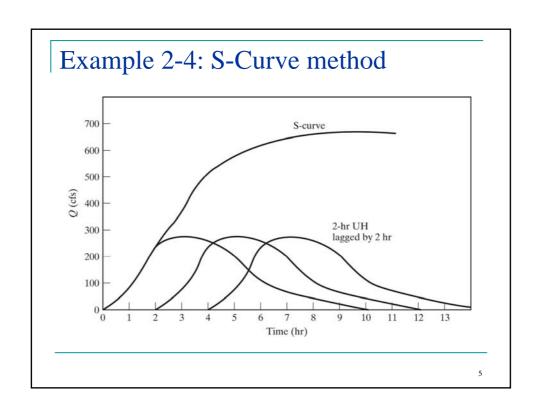
by one hour

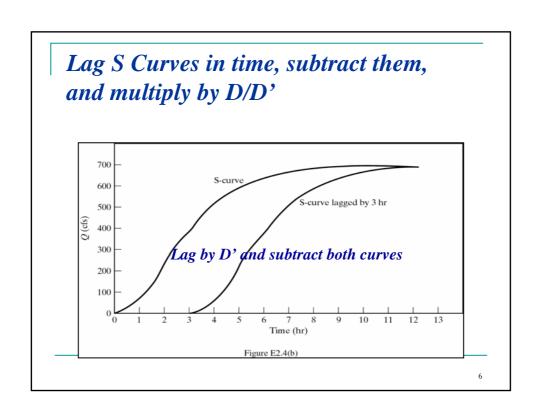
Sum and divide by 2

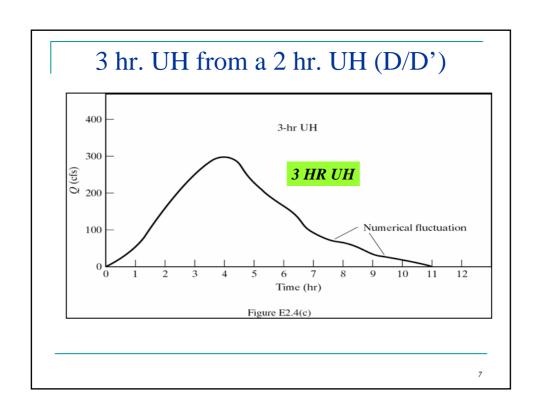
Results in 2 hr UH

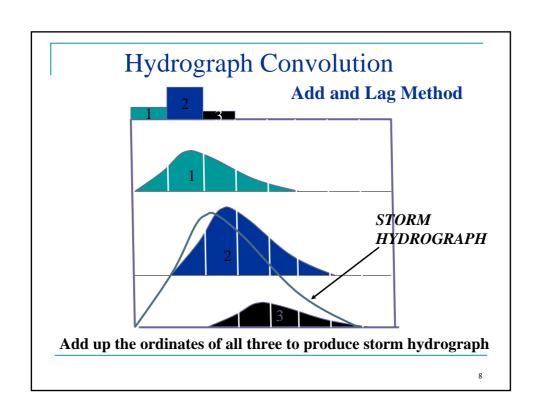












Convolution Equation

$$Q_n = \sum_{i=1}^n P_i U_{n-i+1}$$

Or

$$Q_n = P_n U_1 + P_{n-1} U_2 + P_{n-2} U_3 + \dots + P_1 U_j$$

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Example 2-5 Storm Hydrograph from UH

Given: $P_n = (0.5, 1.0, 1.5, 0.0, 0.5)$ in $U_n = (0, 100, 320, 450, 370, 250, 160, 90, 40, 0)$ cfs

Determine: Storm hydrograph ordinates

Time (hr)	P_1U_n	P_2U_n	P_3U_n	P_4U_n	P_5U_n	Q_n
0	0					O
1	50	0				50
2	160	100	0			260
3	225	320	150	0		695
4	185	450	480	0	0	1115
5	125	370	675	0	50	1220
6	80	250	555	0	160	1045
7	45	160	375	0	225	805
8	20	90	240	0	185	535
9	0	40	135	0	125	300
10		0	60	0	80	140
11			0	0	45	45
12				0	20	20
13					0	0

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Determining UH from multi-period excess rainfall

Given: Storm hydrograph ordinates; Q_1 , Q_2 , Q_3

Determine: Unit hydrograph ordinates, U_1 , U_2 , U_3

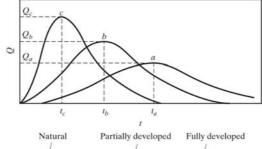
$$Q_1 = P_1 U_1$$
 $U_1 = Q_1 / P_1$
 $Q_2 = P_2 U_1 + P_1 U_2$ $U_2 = (Q_2 - P_2 U_1) / P_1$
 $Q_3 = P_3 U_1 + P_2 U_2 + P_1 U_3$ $U_3 = (Q_3 - P_3 U_1 - P_2 U_2) / P_1$
...

Tutorial:

Problem 2.7

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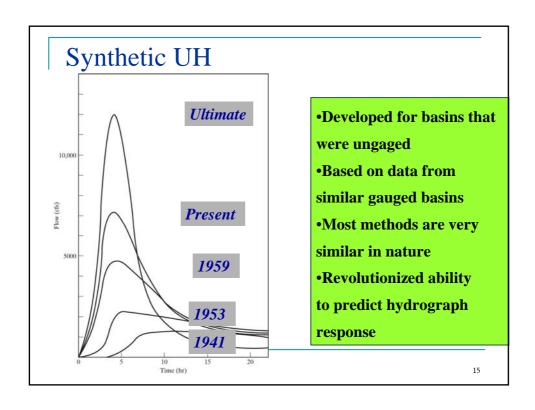
Effects of Development on UH





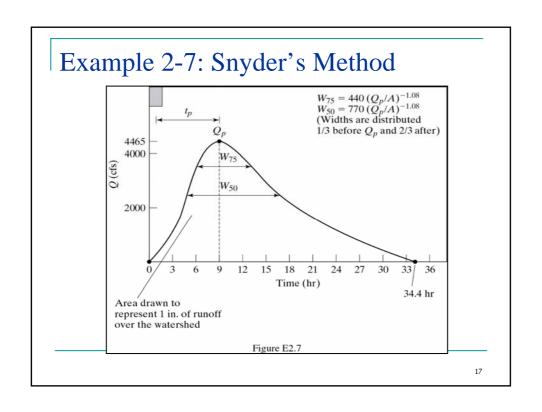


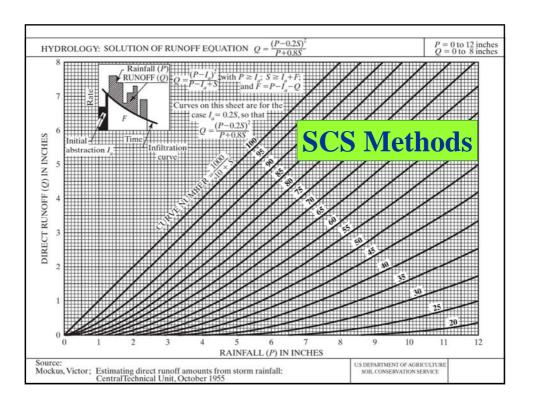


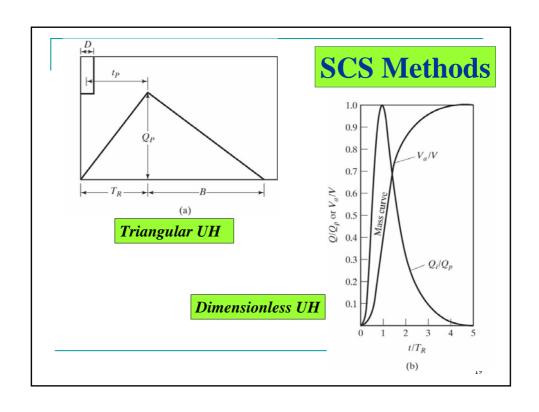


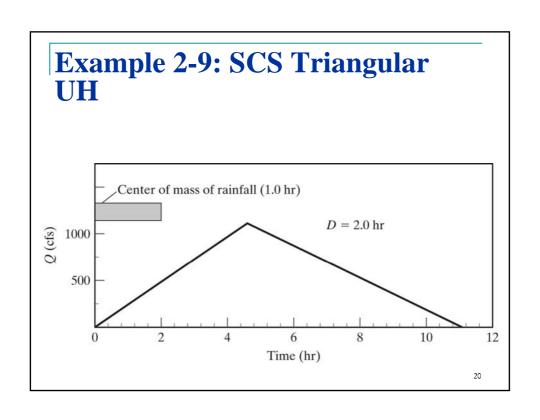
Synthetic UH Methods

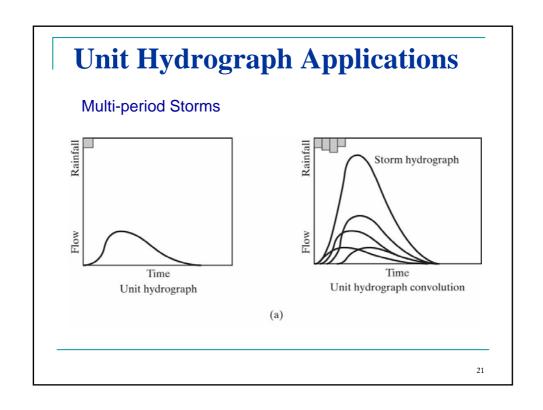
- Snyder's Method (1938)
- Clark Method (1945)
- •Nash (1959)
- •SCS (1964, 1975)
- •Kinematic Wave (1970s)

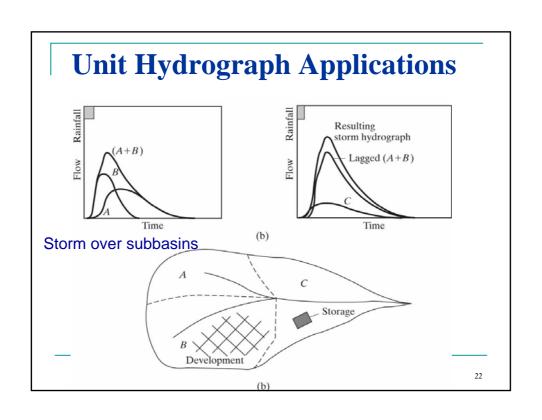












Tutorial:

- 1. Problem 2.4
- 2. Problem 2.11