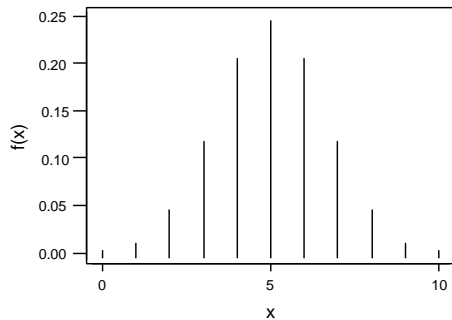


## Solution to Assignment No.2

3-52 The range of Y is 0, 5, 10, ..., 45,  $E(X) = (0+9)/2 = 4.5$   
 $E(Y) = 0(1/10)+5(1/10)+\dots+45(1/10)$   
 $= 5[0(0.1)+1(0.1)+\dots+9(0.1)]$   
 $= 5E(X)$   
 $= 5(4.5)$   
 $= 22.5$

$V(X) = 8.25, V(Y) = 5^2(8.25) = 206.25, \sigma_Y = 14.36$

3-56



a.)  $E(X) = np = 10(0.5) = 5$

b.) Values  $X=0$  and  $X=10$  are the least likely, the extreme values

3-64 Let X denote the number of times the line is occupied. Then, X has a binomial distribution with  $n = 10$  and  $p = 0.4$

a.)  $P(X = 3) = \binom{10}{3} 0.4^3 (0.6)^7 = 0.215$

b.)  $P(X \geq 1) = 1 - P(X = 0) = 1 - \binom{10}{0} 0.4^0 0.6^{10} = 0.994$

c.)  $E(X) = 10(0.4) = 4$

3-73. Let X denote the number of trials to obtain the first successful alignment. Then X is a geometric random variable with  $p = 0.8$

a.)  $P(X = 4) = (1 - 0.8)^3 0.8 = 0.2^3 0.8 = 0.0064$

b.)  $P(X \leq 4) = P(X = 1) + P(X = 2) + P(X = 3) + P(X = 4)$   
 $= (1 - 0.8)^0 0.8 + (1 - 0.8)^1 0.8 + (1 - 0.8)^2 0.8 + (1 - 0.8)^3 0.8$   
 $= 0.8 + 0.2(0.8) + 0.2^2(0.8) + 0.2^3 0.8 = 0.9984$

c.)  $P(X \geq 4) = 1 - P(X \leq 3) = 1 - [P(X = 1) + P(X = 2) + P(X = 3)]$   
 $= 1 - [(1 - 0.8)^0 0.8 + (1 - 0.8)^1 0.8 + (1 - 0.8)^2 0.8]$   
 $= 1 - [0.8 + 0.2(0.8) + 0.2^2(0.8)] = 1 - 0.992 = 0.008$

3-77  $p = 0.005, r = 8$

a.)  $P(X = 8) = 0.005^8 = 3.91 \times 10^{-19}$

b.)  $\mu = E(X) = \frac{1}{0.005} = 200$  days

c) Mean number of days until all 8 computers fail. Now we use  $p = 3.91 \times 10^{-19}$

$\mu = E(Y) = \frac{1}{3.91 \times 10^{-91}} = 2.56 \times 10^{18}$  days or  $7.01 \times 10^{15}$  years